

Week 8: For Loops Elena & Willa 10/13/2020



What is a loop? What is a for loop?

Loop - the action of doing something over and over again

For Loop - type of loop that have a pre-specified beginning and end; used when you want to repeat an action a certain number of times

Examples:

- "Set the table for 4 people"
- "Make 10 burritos"
- Chicken dance!



Example: Imagine you're giving instructions to someone who has never set a table before for 4

Do this 4 times:

- Put out placemat
- Put out plate
- Put out napkin
- Place fork on napkin on left side
- Place knife then spoon on right side of the plate
- Put glass on right side of placemat



Another example

I'm having a Halloween party. I need to make a guest list and send text messages to everyone to invite them.

I could do a group text, but I figured it would be more personal to send individual messages.

guest_list = Willa, Roya, Gold, Stephanie, Sinclaire, Eliza

That's it for now. I can always add more people later. (Plus, gotta check the covid protocols...)



guest_list = Willa, Roya, Gold, Stephanie, Sinclaire, Eliza

Now that I have my list, I'm going to write my message:

message = "I'm having a Halloween Party on 10/31! The party starts at 9pm. I hope to see you there!"

Sweet! Now that I have my guest list and message, I'm ready to start sending text invites **to each person on the guest list**.

To Willa: send(message) To Roya: send(message) To Gold: send(message) ... etc.



For each person on the guest list: send(message)



Let's get ready to do this in R

guest_list = Willa, Roya, Gold, Stephanie, Sinclaire, Eliza

message = "I'm having a Halloween Party on 10/31! The party starts at 9pm. I hope to see you there!"

For each person on the guest list: send(message) Question: How do we "access" each guest in the guest list? **INDEXING!**

index	1	2	3	4	5	6
guest_list	Willa	Roya	Gold	Stephanie	Sinclaire	Eliza



```
guest_list[1] => "Willa"
guest_list[2] => "Roya"
```

...



We need an 'iterator' or a 'pointer' to help us keep track of where we are in the vector (i.e., what index we are at)

Let's make our 'index iterator' be a variable named i, which can have the value 1 to the length of the guest_list (in this case 6).





guest_list[1] => "Willa" guest_list[2] => "Roya"

...

for i in 1 to length of guest_list: guest_list[i]

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